

THE WORLD OVER

RUDYARD KIPPLING IS DEAD;
MOURNED BY MANY PEOPLE

LONDON—Rudyard Kipling, distinguished British writer of tales and poems, died suddenly at 12:10 a.m. Friday, January 17, in Middlesex hospital, less than five days after he had undergone an operation for a perforated stomach ulcer.

SHARPSHOOTER SNAPS THIEF

NAPLES—An Italian sharpshooter got back his own billfold as a reward for his accurate aim. The soldier was firing at a special amusement target, rigged up in such a way that the marksmen is photographed if he hits the bull's eye.

A moment after he had pulled the trigger the soldier noticed his wallet was gone. But his perfect shot took a picture both of himself and the pick-pocket in the act of lifting his purse. The thief was arrested.

DELAY BAN ON LIQUOR ADS. FOR THREE MONTH PERIOD

EDMONTON—Halt of the provincial government's ban on all liquor advertising in Alberta, from Feb. 1 until May 1, was announced on Friday by Hon. J.W. Huggill, K.C., Attorney-General. The announcement was made following an interview by the Attorney-General with representatives of the Alberta Weekly Newspapers Association, and one day after a delegation from the Typographical Union had also interviewed him.

ELLISWORTH AND HOLICK-KENYON LOCATED, ARCTIC

LONDON—Lincoln Ellsworth and his Canadian co-pilot, Herbert Hollick-Kenyon, were safely rescued by a ship Friday night, dramatically snatched from death in the icy Arctic one week before starvation threatened their lives.

Both were well although Ellsworth noted explorer, was suffering from a slight cold.

The rescue ship Discovery II, sent out jointly by the British and Australian governments, found Ellsworth and Hollick-Kenyon, Winnipeg fire, Thursday in Little America. The men, who started out from the Weddell Sea to make the first flight across the Antarctic continent, had provisions sufficient only to sustain them until next Friday. They had been unreported since November 23.

Wireless messages from the relief expedition disclosed Ellsworth and Hollick-Kenyon ran out of fuel on their daring and successful flight across the South Pole. They had managed wireless transmitter kept them from sending out word of their plight.

"Your husband looks like a brilliant man—I suppose he knows every thing."

"Don't fool yourself. He doesn't even suspect anything!"

VOLUME 14; NUMBER 51;

BRITISH THRONE IS SUCCEEDED BY EDWARD VIII

New King is "Citizen of Britain"

Instantly upon the death of King George V the Prince of Wales automatically succeeded to the Crown, which is the legal link between the peoples of the British Empire. He will take the throne as Edward VIII.

Ever since the days of King Henry VIII the cry "The King is Dead, God Save the King" has signified there is no interregnum.

Formalities connected with the proclamation of a new monarch have been set in motion but it will be more than a year before they are concluded with the coronation. In the case of King George the Sovereign was passed to him May 6, 1910, but his coronation did not take place until July 22, 1911, in Westminster Abbey.

Court mourning, according to precedent, lasts for 12 months—and six months of full mourning follows.

His Majesty King George V died at 11:55 p.m. tonight in the presence

THE KING IS DEAD

SANDRINGHAM, Jan. 21.—Great Britain's beloved King George V died peacefully last night just before midnight. The 70-year-old monarch was unconscious at the end.

Queen Mary, the Prince of Wales, and other members of the Royal Family and the Archbishop of Canterbury were at the bedside when he died at 11:55 p.m. (4:55 p.m. M.S.T.).

A sudden, fourth-day illness caused his majesty's death. He suffered an attack of bronchial catarrh, accompanied by heart weakness.

A bulletin by King George's physicians said:

"Death came peacefully to the King at 11:55 p.m. tonight in the presence

of Her Majesty, the Queen, the Prince of Wales, the Duke of York, the Princess Royal, the Duke and Duchess of Kent."

Almost precisely at the moment of the lowering of the flag that fluttered above Sandringham House gave mute announcement of the end.

It was Friday afternoon that the public learned the King was confined to his room with a cold. A first bulletin issued on the King's condition that night disclosed he had suffered an attack of bronchial catarrh, accompanied by heart weakness. His strength slowly ebbed and his heart action slowed down. The King died peacefully without pain.

CARBON WINS HOCKEY GAME FROM ENTICE PLAYERS

A number of hockey players from Carbon got together at Entice and had a friendly game on Sunday afternoon, the outcome being a win for Carbon by a 4-4 score.

Players representing Carbon were: S. Bernard, A. Poxon, D. Twist, C. Reed, W. Olliphant, N. Nash, W. Skerry, S. Malton, F. Greenan, F. Poxon and I. Heugan.

Entice—F. Pearson, Chas. Gordon, Cliff Gordon, B. Ward, G. Ward, H. Bramley, W. Little and J. Little.

SINGLE MEN DEFEAT BENEDICTS, CURLING

A curling match was played at the Carbon curling rink on Friday, January 17th between rinks representing married and single curlers. The two rinks of married men were all skippers, some of them of 15 to 20 years of experience, but in spite of this the single men emerged victorious with a total score of 20 to 14.

C. Smith for the single men, defeated L. Poxon for the married men by 10-8. R. Skerry representing the single men defeated A. Reid Jr. for the benedicts, 16-6.

Those taking part in the match were as follows:

Married Men—L. Poxon, skip, S. F. Torrance, R. Gimbel and Percy Edwards.

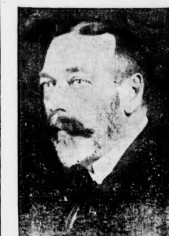
A. Reid, skip, C. L. McGregor, A. F. McKibbin, and S. X. Wright.

Single—C. Smith, skip, A. Poxon, B. Simpson, and C. Hood.

R. Skerry, skip, G. Watt, N. Nash and G. Murray.

Loersa Fa'iah Banquet

The married men were hosts to the single curlers who participated in the above games, and the feast was held on Tuesday night at the Carbon Hotel.



HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE V
Who died Monday, January 20th

SHARP SHOWS TO PUT IN PERMANENT HERE

W.H.B. Sharp and "Rusty" Hansen were in town last Thursday consulting with L. Poxon on arrangements for the installation of permanent picture equipment in the Farmers' Exchange hall, and we understand that all arrangements have now been completed and that the new equipment will arrive from Chicago within the next week or so.

Since the first of the year circuit shows have been discontinued and in order to have talks in a town permanent equipment had to be installed. This has necessitated considerable expense to the management and they hope that theatre goers will appreciate the fact that they are endeavoring to bring entertainment to the people, and support in the way of attendance at the shows will be forthcoming.

Hesketh Sparklets

Mrs. Clarke is getting along fine at the hospital and expects to be home soon.

Jack Schlager returned to his home in Wimborne on Monday of this week. No wedding bells were heard.

The annual meeting of the Beverage Lake School District was held recently and Jack Ridgeway is the new secretary-treasurer.

At the annual meeting of the Lennox School district the following trustees were re-elected: Messrs. Geo. Appleby, John Kappis, and Edwin Zeidler. Geo. Appleby was re-elected secretary-treasurer.

At this meeting the Lennox trustees decided to insure the children against accident, and in future all pupils attending this school will be protected.

A number of schools in the district are going to send delegates to the Trustees' convention to be held in Calgary Feb. 3, 4, 5 and 6. The new school act is said to be causing the interest.

Mrs. Thorburn left on Sunday to visit with her brother, Tom Laing, and incidentally nurse the Laing girls, who are down with the measles.

CARBON, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1936

\$2.00 A YEAR; 5c A COPY

VILLAGE PRACTICALLY FREE OF DEBT ANNUAL STATEMENT REVEALS

Collections for 1935
Were \$6865.04

The annual Financial Statement for the Village of Carbon, ending December 31, 1935, is published in this issue of The Carbon Chronicle and our readers and tax payers interested are asked to glance over it and see for themselves in what shape the affairs of the Village are in.

There are no more debt payments to meet, and only a few current accounts are owing to the end of the year.

Collections in 1935 show \$6865.04. Payments totalled \$3052.88, of which \$2122.88 went for relief and grants.

Financially the Village is in better shape than a year ago. There are no more debt payments, the bank balance is \$752.66 and the total of the accounts payable is only \$1013.49. Apart from this the Village has a surplus of assets over liabilities of \$16,392.25.

Relief costs in the past year were higher than the previous year, although increased revenue helped to take care of the extra expense.

Our councillors and secretary-treasurer deserve some credit for the year in which they have brought the Village through another depression year.

EVERY GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL IN CANADA MUST TAKE NEW OATH

Every government official in Canada will take a new oath of office, in allegiance to the new King, Edward VIII. This will include everyone from the Governor-General down to clerks.

Although, strictly speaking, their offices continue without interruption, in early British history all officials were out of office on the King's death but the law was changed following the death of Queen Victoria.

1,000 COMMISSIONERS FOR OATHS NAMED IN ALBERTA

A new high mark for commission-ers for oaths was established in this province when the Alberta Gazette came out with a list of 1,000 names for this post. Commissioners have no salary but draw fees for certain services performed.

NO PRICE OF WALES

The title the Prince of Wales disappeared, at least temporarily, when King George died Monday night and his eldest son succeeded him as sovereign.

The Prince of Wales must be a son of the King, and the new monarch is a bachelor.



H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES
Who succeeded his Father as King
Edward VIII This Week

BONSPIEL TO GET UNDER WAY TUESDAY

Best Selection of Prizes
In Many Years

The annual Bonspiel of the Carbon Curling Club commences next Tuesday morning, January 28th, and already indications are that there will be a large entry of rinks from outside points.

Carbon's bonspiel is well-known as one of the best of the smaller towns in this neighborhood and attracts considerable attention annually.

Apart from curlers, Carbon has a large number of fans who throng to the rink daily during the bonspiel, and it is truly a holiday week in town.

Entries should be made with the secretary of the Carbon curling club, or the hospital secretary, immediately so that there will be no delay when final arrangements are being made.

The bonspiel will last three days at least, January 28, 29 and 30, and three events are being arranged, the Grand Challenge, the Ontario Laundry and the Blue Ribbon.

The Bonspiel committee report that prizes have been donated by numerous concerns this year and that the quality is exceptionally fine this season. With good prizes, and ice, combined with ideal weather that is hoped for, the bonspiel promises to be a real success.

A new game called the "Editor's Delight" is played this way: Take a sheet of ordinary writing paper, fold it carefully, and enclose a check or bank note sufficiently large to pay up all arrears and one year in advance. Keep an eye on the editor, and if a smile adorns his face, the trick works like a charm. Now is the time to play the joke.

A Boston composer says that music is a medicine. Well, maybe so, but some of it is a pretty stiff dose.

DR. HUGO'S WHOOPING COUGH REMEDY

A reliable, safe remedy for Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis and spasmodic affections of the throat

MADE ESPECIALLY FOR CHILDREN OF ALL AGES

PER BOTTLE 60c

McKIBBIN'S DRUG STORE

A.F. McKIBBIN, PHM., B., Prescription Specialist, CARBON, ALTA.

LOW WINTER FARES PACIFIC COAST

VANCOUVER VICTORIA
NEW WESTMINSTER

TICKETS ON SALE TO FEB. 15, 1936

ALSO 30c Month limit moderate and Coach Class Fare—

to VANCOUVER—VICTORIA—NEW WESTMINSTER
SEATTLE—PORTLAND AND CALIFORNIA POINTS

For Full Particulars Apply Ticket Agent

Canadian Pacific

Good drinks that are Better Drinks When Blended With the West's Finest Ginger Ale.

A LARGER SIZE GREATER ECONOMY

A UNION MADE PRODUCT OF CALGARY BREWING AND MALTING COMPANY, LIMITED



is delicious

What About Immigration?

The question of encouraging and permitting immigration to Western Canada is again looming on the horizon after a hiatus of six or seven years in the flow of new settlers to this country from Great Britain and some of the European countries.

With the agricultural and economic depression of the past few years and laying a heavy hand on the peoples of the prairie provinces and with the shadow of half a dozen years of widespread unemployment and direct relief not yet obliterated, colonization schemes, with Western Canada as one of the objectives, are being considered and launched on both sides of the Atlantic.

In the British House of Commons a motion was adopted in late December inviting the House to take prompt steps to survey the possibility of emigration within the Empire and the Under-secretary for Foreign Affairs announced the government's decision to appoint an Empire Settlement Board of eight members and its acceptance of the report of an inter-departmental committee for overseas settlements.

On this side of the ocean, public announcement was recently made of the promotion, presumably by private interests, of a colonization scheme, in which it is proposed to bring out for settlement on purchased land in Saskatchewan, one hundred families of emigrating farmers from the County of Derby, England, under an intimation that this is but the precursor of a number of similar colonies.

Under this scheme, British capital, it was reported, is investing sufficient money to purchase 100 quarter sections of land at \$20 an acre, farm implements, livestock and machinery to the extent of \$12,000 per family. The money is to be treated as a revolving fund, for, according to press reports, "Each year they (the immigrants) will repay part of what they made from crops. At the end of the year, the money is to be saved enough to be able to leave the colony and buy farms for themselves. The county authorities in England will make a loan equal to what has been saved so as to enable the colony to get on its feet and when they leave their places will be taken by other British emigrants."

The plan, it is reported, contemplates safeguard to prevent the migrants becoming a charge on the country during their five year apprenticeship period and the money to be repaid to the colony.

Without taking cognizance of the possible ultimate fate of a percentage of the beneficiaries under such a project, the effect of colonization of new settlers on the welfare of established farmers of the agricultural industry in the west and of the country and on any other immigration plan at the present time and under existing conditions, is worthy of serious consideration on the part of the provincial and Dominion authorities, before sanction to such plans is given, or, in fact, to immigration generally.

It must not be forgotten that the immediate future of agriculture in the prairie provinces is somewhat doubtful with export markets for hard spring wheat contracting, with consumption tending to decline in Canada's best wheat market and with, as yet, no new markets opened up.

Thus, the farmers on the land now in the prairie provinces are more than able to take care of the existing market for their major export product and to bring in others to compete with them in this particular product does not appear to be a reasonable one.

There appears to be some hope of expanding markets for some other exportable agricultural products which can be produced on the prairies, principally livestock and livestock products, but, so far, these markets have not been sufficiently developed to warrant increased production by advanced methods. The trend rather is in the direction of improvement in quality and assurance of regularity of supply. Until this has been achieved and markets for such products broadened because of it, it is reasonable to suppose that farmers already on the land can take care of the demand. As for other agricultural products which must be confined to local markets, everybody knows that the capacity of these markets is so limited at present and likely to be for some time to come, that their requirements can easily be cared for without bringing in new settlers to increase production.

Until these problems are in a fair way to be solved and farmers already established in the country have a reasonable opportunity to at least partially rehabilitate themselves and to secure a better ground, the wisdom of bringing in new settlers, no matter how desirable the type, is open to serious question.

Certainly the rural sections of the west cannot be expected to welcome new immigrants with open arms, and it is equally certain that the urban centres, who are busily engaged in assisting former farm residents to get back on the land or return to the countries of their origin, will look askance at any proposal to establish more new settlers from overseas.

Big Radium Shipment

Large Consignment Is Purchased By The Ontario Government
Thirty-five little wooden boxes each containing about \$4,000 worth of radium from Great Britain have been shipped to Ontario department of health laboratories as delivery was made of the largest single shipment of radium ever produced in Canada. The boxes contained a total of 3,500 milligrams of radium, which will cost the Ontario government approximately \$150,000. The supply will go to the Toronto general hospital to be repaid by a grant which will be repaid from a New York firm.

The oldest varnish still existing in the world is that on Egyptian mummy cases. In some instances the varnish is 2,500 years old.

Sun-worshipping pagans used the Christmas tree in festivities to celebrate the winter solstice long before Christians used it.

at the FIRST SIGN of a COLD take **Grover's Native Bromo Quinine**

Grover's does the four things necessary to kill a cold quickly: opens the bowels, combats the cold and fever in the system, relieves the headache and "grumpy" feeling, and restores the system. All day long. Ask for Grover's. They're in a wide box.

Building Up A Fortune

Trust Fund of Dionne Quintuplets

\$170,000

The Dionne quintuplets will soon have enough money to retire for life if their present rate of income continues. Dr. Allan Roy Deane and Judge J. A. Valin, guardians to the famous children, announced each half was worth about \$24,000 in her own right.

Between them the sisters have in a trust fund \$120,000 of government bonds, and since the Ontario government took charge of their affairs a year ago almost to the day. If they live to three years of age, present contracts assure the quintuplets \$30,000.

"It is our aim and the aim of the guardians to bring the trust fund up to the point where the interest will support them without touching the principal," said Welfare Minister Cook. "We place that amount at about \$300,000 which we expect to reach in a year or a year and a half." During the last year, about \$25,000 has been spent enlarging and equipping the hospital where the quintuplets live. Pay for nurses and salaries of the staff, and the cost of the place day and night comes out of the fund.

Regular payments are made to the parents, while the guardians pay nearly \$1,000 monthly for the operating cost of the hospital. In all about \$435,000 has been expended this year.

The babies' fortune is being built up by income from movie shorts, the Ontario picture company pays 10 per cent royalties on postcards, calendars, dresses, coats, bonnets and dolls.

Adventurer Is Still Going

Will Be Some Time Yet Finishing

Leaves London

Jean de Vaulsail, 68, Belgian adventurer, left his native land in 1920 to "see the world," and now is completing the final stages of the long hike. When he passed through Calgary, Alta., he said it would take four years to finish his tour of Canada and the United States.

Claiming to have tramped through every country in the world except V. I. Russia, he stated he would visit that country next.

Although handicapped by the loss of his left arm and leg in a mine explosion in 1914, he claimed he had covered 35,711 miles on foot since he started, travelling from 15 to 30 miles a day. In 1914, he joined the allied forces in the World War.

During his travels, Vaulsail has filed 44 books of reports of his adventures. In 1914, he was with the British forces in South Africa in 1919 and in 1924, joined the allied forces in the World War.

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Educational Campaign

Ottawa Meeting Launches Movement In Support Of Cancer Fund

A Canada-wide educational campaign will be the first step launched by the trustees of the King George V cancer fund, which was announced at the conclusion of a meeting of the trustees at Ottawa. The fund, which was established by the King George V cancer fund, which was announced at the conclusion of a meeting of the trustees at Ottawa. The fund, which was established by the King George V cancer fund, which was announced at the conclusion of a meeting of the trustees at Ottawa.

The policy as to how the fund is to be carried out was discussed by the trustees and plans were adopted to ensure the greatest amount of income would accrue from the fund in hand.

Heroine Of Australia Dead

Earned Name By Rescuing Crew Of Wrecked Ship

The "Gracie Darling" of Western Australia, Mrs. Grace Vernon Drake-Brockman, mother of Judy Drake-Brockman and Lady Moulton, of Adelaide, died at the age of 75. She earned her name when as a young girl she was riding on horseback searching for cattle, she saw the sailing vessel, Golette, pounding to pieces in the surf on the coast. She and a native boy who was with her rescued the ship's company by riding their horses into the surf and bringing people ashore. She was later awarded the Royal Humane Society gold watch and chain from the British Government.

Maybe Japan is simply determined to save China from herself.

Baseball men more injuries than any other sport.

The largest cattle gun used in the U.S. was in the ranch. 2103

The Health Restoring Value of COD LIVER OIL PLUS Easy Digestibility

Invalids struggling back to health need strength and vitality. SCOTT'S EMULSION is an emulsion of pure cod liver oil plus bone-building Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. It is four to five times more easily digested than the highest grade Cod Liver Oil. These are PLUS VALUES you get only in SCOTT'S EMULSION.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

THE DIGESTIBLE COD LIVER OIL WITH THE LARGEST PLUS FOR SALE BY YOUR DRUGGIST.

A Soviet Hollywood

Film Industry To Be Developed In Southern Russia

Hal Roos, Hollywood cameraman who is filming "Shakespeare" in "You Like It," featuring Elizabeth Bergner, will explore Russia and the Orient for film prospects on his way round the world and back home.

"The Russian government has invited me to Russia when I am through with this picture," Hal said. "Construction of a gigantic 'Soviet Hollywood' is to start early next year."

"I think there may be a great future for Russian films. In the silent days they produced some of the most beautiful I have seen."

"England-to-day can produce pictures as good, on an average, as America, but the equipment I had for instance, a picture like 'Broadway Melody of 1936' could never be turned out in England."

The new film city in Russia is to be located in the semi-tropical south. More than 9,000 people, according to Z. Shumatsky, chief of the Soviet cinema industry, will engage in film production. It will be ready until the summer of 1937.

Tickets As Gifts

English Railways Had Novel Idea For Holiday Season

A new stunt to encourage railway travel and the traditional pantomime in London marked the Christmas season in the United Kingdom. In the industrial north and on the Clyde where business has showed marked improvement, it was one of the happiest celebrations in years.

First place among Christmas novelties must be given to the British railways which made arrangements for the sale of tickets in advance which could be sent to passengers. The companies also undertook to enclose a special Christmas greeting card devised to hold the tickets so distributed.

The schemes, for instance, enabled people living in the North of England who desired their friends in London to visit them for the festive season, to purchase the railway tickets in advance and forward them as Christmas or New Year gifts.

Romance Starts Panic

Flowers have caused a panic in the native quarter of Cairo. An aeroplane, flying very low, began dropping mysterious packets—which the natives took to be bombs. They rushed for safety—but the "bombs" were merely bouquets dropped by an air-minded suitor before his fiancée's lions.

Lions have killed \$100,000 worth of game near Kruger national park, South Africa, this season.

Save 'LEFT-OVERS' with

Presto Pack Waxed Tissue

More convenient to use

Just make a package in your kitchen. You'll be delighted with its convenience... for, with one hand, you can easily extract a single sheet at once leaving the other hand free to hold the "left over" tissue.

Warehouses At Calgary, Edmonton, Regina and Winnipeg

Aged Doctor Learns Braille

Favorite Pastime Will Remain With Him When Night Falls

Anticipating complete blindness, Dr. John H. Lacy, 80-year-old colorful Arizona pioneer, is learning to read Braille so that when blindness comes he still will be able to enjoy his favorite amusement—reading.

Dr. Lacy, an Army and Indian Service physician for years, and a superior court bailiff for the past 10 years, began study of the Braille system four months ago when he began to have difficulty reading. He still is able to walk about the streets alone, however.

The physician went to Arizona in 1885 from Virginia. He then was a physician in the army. He later practiced privately in Arizona towns. He has been retired for 20 years.

As a boy, he learned to talk with his fingers to inmates of a school for the deaf and dumb near his home. Later, while in the army, he became an expert telegrapher.

He took his medical degree at the College of Hampton Union in Prince Edward County, Va., where his grandfather was president of the college 100 years ago.

Business in Vienna

Merchants In Austrian City Are Not Very Progressive

Viennese businessmen aren't the world's most progressive. There's not one halfway decent department store in town. Many stores will sacrifice quality for quantity rather than go to the trouble of delivering. Recently the Chamber of Commerce refused to let a Woolworth open, fearing it would be prejudicial to established firms.

The Hapsburgs are drifting back; Archduke Charles, who married the daughter of Kouniansky, Archduke Eugene; and Archduke Karl, who is the only one to have his name in the phone book, are in the phone book, however, is another Hapsburg, at present the one most conspicuous in the public eye of the city's biggest laundries. "Hapsburg do your washing" is a line seen on billboards and in newspapers everywhere.

Events Of 1935

Outstanding New Stories Chosen By Canadian Editors

Following are the 10 best world newswires and the five best Canadian stories as chosen for a Canadian Press survey by the men who handled them for the front page.

World news: (1) Death of Will Rogers and Wiley Post; (2) Invasion of Ethiopia; (3) Hauptmann's trial for the Lindbergh kidnapping; (4) assassination of Huey Long; (5) Queen Astrid of the Belgians' death; (6) the king's jubilee; (7) application of sanctions against Italy; (8) British election; (9) Germany's re-armament; (10) scrapping of the N.R.A.

Canadian news: (1) Dominion election; (2) Social Credit victory in Alberta; (3) Regina riots; (4) Canada-U.S. trade pact; (5) the Ontario government's dispute with Quebec power companies.

Requested Burial At Sea

In her will Mrs. Elizabeth Millidge Goldie of Kings Rd., Richmond, England, directed that she should be cremated and that her ashes together with those of "my husband, not also my wedding ring, my gold keeper ring, and my silver wedding ring, shall be placed in the same weighted box as my husband's, taken out in a boat and cast into the sea off the coast of North Berwick."

Baikals is the largest lake in Asia, having an area of 13,500 square miles.

One of the steel alloys gets harder and tougher as it takes the blows and stresses of service.



If You Eat Starches Meats, Sweets Read This

They're All Necessary Foods. All Acid-Forming. Hence Most of Us Have "Acid Stomach" At Times. Easy Now to Relieve.

Doctors say that much of the so-called "indigestion," from which so many of us suffer, is really acid indigestion. This acid is neutralized by the stomach acidity that brings on your trouble. You "forget you have a stomach."

Try this just once! Take either the famous **PHILLIPS' Milk of Magnesia** or the convenient new **Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tablets**. But be sure you get genuine "PHILLIPS'."

Also in Tablet Form: **Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tablets** are the most reliable in the world. They are the equivalent of the famous **Phillips' Milk of Magnesia** in the relief of constipation.

PHILLIPS' Milk of Magnesia MADE IN CANADA

Highway Safety

Plan Is Made To Eliminate Loss Of Life From Motor Accidents

Premier A. A. Dymond, who has jurisdiction over New Brunswick's highways, has asked the legislature might be impressed upon traffic offenders when they come to court by showing them motion pictures of wrecked machines and injured people.

A plea to eliminate loss of life on the nation's highways was sent out to Canadians from Hon. C. D. Howe, federal minister of railways, and ministers with jurisdiction over highways of four provinces.

Impressed with the growing toll of highway fatalities, Premier Dymond of New Brunswick, Hon. T. B. McQuesten, highways minister for Ontario; Hon. W. R. Chubb, minister of public works and labor in Manitoba; and Hon. W. A. Fallow, Alberta minister of public works, joined with Mr. Howe in messages urging highway safety.

Recalling the federal government, the railways and municipalities had in the past quarter of century spent a total of \$30,000,000 for protecting level crossings, Mr. Howe said the work must be continued and extended as the public interest required "but as the toll of death and injury in motor accidents continued to mount it became increasingly evident that the crux of the problem is not so much the level crossing but along the highways themselves."

May-What Is Bill's business?

Tom—Think he's a bookkeeper. At least, he never returned the book he borrowed from me last winter.

PATENTS

A List Of "Patented Inventions" AM Pat Information Not For Sale. See Record. THE RAMSAY CO. TEL 572-0400 ST.

PRINTING PRESSES

FOR SALE

One Puffy Optimum Cylinder Press, one 10 x 15 and one 12 x 18 Chandler & Price Gordon Press. Also 26-line Galleys, Paper Cutter and one Linotype machine. All in excellent condition. Apply Box 336, Regina, Sask.

Save 'LEFT-OVERS' with Presto Pack Waxed Tissue

More convenient to use

Just make a package in your kitchen. You'll be delighted with its convenience... for, with one hand, you can easily extract a single sheet at once leaving the other hand free to hold the "left over" tissue.

Warehouses At Calgary, Edmonton, Regina and Winnipeg

Scientists Say This Year Will Bring More Sunspots And Trouble May Result

Crops should be smaller, people more irritable and radio reception worse in 1935 than in 1934, scientists have plotted correctly the number of spots due to peek the surface of the sun next year.

With long-range telescopes, astronomers have studied sunspots for several centuries and year by year become more convinced of their disconcerting influence on every form of life on earth. One of the chief centres of study is the Dominion observatory at Ottawa.

The year 1936 will find sunspots increasing in number. This should produce more rain in the Maritimes and along the Pacific coast in British Columbia but less in Ontario, the prairies and inland Quebec. There should be lower temperatures throughout the country, more cloudy days, fewer thunderstorms, more northern lights, more electrical disturbances to radio waves.

When sunspots are on the increase, the health of man and animals falls off. If western wheat farmers are to have less rainfall in 1936 and consequently a smaller crop, they can draw satisfaction from the prediction that will be less grasshoppers than in 1935. If the year runs true to form, there will be less violence against partridges and other game.

The influence of sunspots on health has not been plotted with any degree of accuracy but scientists have convinced there is a connection between them. The years 1917 and 1918, the most sunspot-influenced years, saw sunspots reach the highest number since the turn of the century. Scientists believe the same reason for the disturbance that throws your radio out of gear, also causes your nerves to go wild, making you irritable.

Sunspots are really dark centres, whirling around in the hot, solar gases. Surrounding them are large areas of bright colour and intense light of ultra-violet light. Scientists believe the link between sunspots and meteorological conditions on the earth lies in the waxing and waning of the ultra-violet rays from the sun. It has been determined lately the sun emits more energetic light when sunspots are numerous than when they are scarce.

Protecting The Buffalo

Indians Engaged To Restore Herds

To U.S. West, where a remnant of the once-mighty Indian herds that ranged the mountains and prairies of southern Canada and the United States, are being restored. These animals, shipped from Yellowstone National park, have been turned out in the Crow Indian reservation, south of Billings.

The buffalo, held in huge corrals, were hauled in trucks from Lamar, Mont. to the park, to the vicinity of the Big Horn canon, where they were released. The first shipment consisted of 28 bison, taken from the park herd during a roundup of the half of the 1,000 animals ranging in the national playground.

Last year 113 bison were similarly removed to the Crow country under a plan worked out by Robert Yellowtail, superintendent of the reservation, who was chosen for the effort by the Indians from among the leaders of the tribe. Natural increase has brought this number to 160.

"We have just completed a fence made completely of logs, which encloses a landlocked area, faced on three sides by precipitous rock walls, enclosing an area which will support about 1,000 head of winter and summer," Yellowtail explained.

"The buffalo will use the deep canyons which heretofore have been wasted feed. Whenever the herd overgrows this area, we have another landlocked range we can put them into. I am sure that the plan demonstrated to the country at large that we are safe and proper persons to entrust the protection of wild life to including buffalo, elk and other animals."

Just Switchman's Error

What was first believed to have been a plot to steal a carload of arms from the French army turned out to be a switchman's error which misrouted the car to a point near the Spanish border. The car contained 3,000 rifles, side arms, automatic rifles, machine guns and trench mortars consigned to the Yugoslav arsenal.

Not only does a bat have exceptional powers of sight at night, but fairly good vision in daylight.

Trouble with these educated chaps is they all want to start at the top.

Cod Liver Oil Paint

Fishermen All Help When Church Is Short Of Finances

A fisherman's church, the congregation, St. James United Church, Sambro, N.S., has the nautical touch down to walls painted with cod liver oil as it celebrates its 125th anniversary in this community of fisherfolk.

Founded in 1810, it has served first the Methodists and then in the United Church of Canada. Preachers and congregations have come and gone, but the tiny church has stood.

Though the going was sometimes hard in that century and a quarter, it stuck no serious snag until last year. Then, with the church half covered, the paint gave out. There was no money, and it looked as though the building were to remain mottled until funds were raised.

But the fishermen were not stampeded. Some found some red oil. Others turned over cod liver oil they were saving for market. Mixed, the two were just the thing. And the painting went on.

Now, the church spire points into the sky from Graywood Point proudly as ever, beacon for the fishermen as they come to fish the Atlantic.

Inside, Rev. F. W. Mitchinson, assistant minister from Flat Islands, Nfld., is serving and preaching. He might almost claim that he held twice a week. Grateful for the lesson, the fishermen are getting up a scheme to free the church of financial worries when painting time rolls around again. They plan to give one of their lobster pots apiece to the church, and to give it all revenue from that pot.

Bible Is Valuable Relic

A 14th Century Edition Contains Many Typographical Errors

A typographical error, one of many in a 14th century edition of the Bible, is the reason why that edition has been called the "Vinegar Bible." It was revealed on the 400th anniversary of the first English printing of the Book of Books.

Chapter XX, St. Luke, bears the heading "The Parable of the Vinegar." Instead of "The Parable of the Vinegar," it reads "The Parable of the Vinegar." Numerous other mistakes were made throughout the edition.

A copy of that particular Bible, one of the few in this state, was presented by "His Gracious Majesty King George III" to the Old North Church, Christ Church, in 1780.

The printing was the work in 1717 by John Baskett and was later styled the "Vinegar Bible."

However, the edition surpasses every previous one for beauty in engravings and initials.

How Canadian Press Started

Idea Originated With Late Editor Of Sherbrooke Record

Alfred Wood, owner and editor of the Sherbrooke Daily Record who died recently, was a remarkable man in many ways. A practical printer, versatile writer and keen business man, he had worked or had interests in about 20 different lines of business.

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The SNAPSHOT GUILD

KNOW YOUR CAMERA



The amateur who took this prize-winning picture had mastered his camera

Camera manufacturers spend thousands of dollars each year in preparing and printing instruction books which are enclosed with each camera. These booklets give valuable information on the use and care of the camera, but the average person looks only at a few lines and then discards the rest. It is a pity that so many people fail to read the instructions to find out how to use their camera.

From the mechanical viewpoint the box type camera gives us just about the same of simplicity. It is a simple matter to load the film and set the shutter. The only thing that is new is the use of the camera. It is a pity that so many people fail to read the instructions to find out how to use their camera.

With certain types of folding cameras, you have more to consider. If you are to expect good, clear, sharp pictures and the manual should be studied by all means.

You may have from three to nine apertures to choose from and shutter speeds ranging from one-half to 1/1000 second, depending on the type of camera. In addition to these split second shutter speeds the camera is usually equipped for time exposures.

Before loading your camera with film consult the manual so that you will understand the limitations of the camera when you do certain things. In a recent snapshot contest conducted by sixty-four leading newspapers scattered throughout the

Fate Of Old Windmill

Built 175 Years Ago Will Likely Be Demolished

Built in 1769, and believed to be the only complete example of its kind in London, the windmill at Upminster is for sale and possible demolition. Mr. Abraham, the last of the millers to work this ancient windmill, still climbs the tower steps into the loft, a journey he estimates he has made daily 50 times for 50 years.

Should the mill—which now has bricks around it instead of crooked beams—be pulled down, Mr. Abraham would suffer a heavy blow, for it has been worked by members of his family for many years. His father having taken over from his grandfather, London Daily Sketch.

When Noah sailed the ocean blue, He had his troubles same as you. He drove and drove and drove his ark Until he found a place to park.

The cooking banana is similar in appearance to the ordinary eating banana, but usually is larger and has a more pronounced stem.

Pillows That "Put On The Dog"

Household Aids by Alice Brooks

"Putting on the dog" is now the favorite pattern in applique, since someone started the new and amusing fad for dog pillows. Bold sayings and terse remarks are on big patch of applique applique, and then the fun begins! Applied with single stitch, you'll be surprised how soft and cozy an effect you can create in the way of outline, spots and shading. It's very easy to do, too.

Pattern 5508 will find a transfer pattern of a dog 11x13 1/2 inches and one 8x10 1/2 inches; material requirements; color suggestions; illustrations of all stitches needed.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or coin (no preferred) to Stowmarket Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 Colford Ave., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

Must Wage Ruthless War Between Humanity And Insects, Says Entomologist

Use Of Honey In Cooking

May Be Used To Replace Sugar In Medicinally All Recipes

Before the introduction of cane sugar, honey was apparently the only sweet available for human use in most civilized countries and as such was eagerly sought for and very highly prized. At the present time, however, the per capita consumption of sugar is approximately 50 times greater than that of honey.

This difference is rather surprising when one considers the comparative food value of the two products to say nothing of the fact that sugar is being imported, while honey is being exported. Sugar, of course, is largely used in the manufacture of other food products and for sweetening purposes, while honey is most commonly used as a spread to replace jams, jellies, marmalades or syrups. It is rather unfortunate that few housewives realize the fact that honey may be used in whole or in part to replace the sugar required in practically all recipes, and that when it is so used certain qualities are imparted to the final product that sugar cannot give.

In experimental tests conducted on the uses of honey in cooking, done by the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, it was found that cakes, cookies, etc., made with honey remained fresh and moist for a much longer period than when sugar was used, and where mild flavoured honeys were used to replace the sugar, the flavour of the finished product was much improved. While honey is used to replace sugar in any recipe, it must be remembered that approximately one-fifth of the honey is required for the liquid portion of the recipe must be reduced by one-half.

At least point to bear in mind when sweetening, however, is that honey is as much as sugar in any recipe. It must be remembered that approximately one-fifth of the honey is required for the liquid portion of the recipe must be reduced by one-half.

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Consider The Horse

Motor Drivers Should Never Cut In Front Of Moving Load

The Boston Traveler, out of the kindly heart of its editor, gave its readers the following last month in display type:

Those of us who drive automobiles should never cut in front of a moving horse. The horse's big job is getting his head started. Once he is over come, the horse (on level ground) has merely to keep a bit of a strain on the pull.

When we force a horse to stop, we throw the weight of the load against him. This is tough on the horse. Then he has to get that load into motion again. All this effort to stop to the fight we probably give him.

It is easy for us to stop and start our cars. Let's do it.

"Oh, Bobbie! Just look at that puppy has just to this room!" "Isn't it wonderful, mamma. And in less than five minutes!"

Lightning Rods Give Protection

Electrical Wizard Says Closing Windows During Storm Safe

Things To Do

It may be old-fashioned to believe in lightning rods and shut your windows during thunderstorms, but it is a safe thing to do, according to Karl R. MacEachron, who directs research into lightning in a laboratory at Pittsfield, Mass.

MacEachron, while visiting Fort Belknap, explained that lightning follows the line of least resistance so readily that a well grounded lightning rod is about the most efficient simple protection obtainable. A good rod is 50 per cent efficient, five per cent being discounted due to the fact that lightning does not always strike the highest point.

The electrical wizard explained that the ancient theory of closing windows to keep lightning from being blown in, advocated sternly by our grandmothers, has proved to have some scientific backing.

A new theory of the atmosphere shows that when a wind of 45-miles-an-hour velocity is blowing, the lightning is blown, on its side about 50 feet.

The great damage from lightning is done by the tremendous speed of discharge, which builds up terrific pressures. MacEachron explained. Voltages from 200,000,000 volts upward with amperages that reach a limit of 20,000 amperes have been measured. When such a charge strikes, literally blows things to pieces.

Whole Town Worked

"We must have a swimming pool," declared the people of Lippington, a health resort in Western Germany. They agreed, the burgomaster. "There's no money—so we'll dig it ourselves." The entire population dug up for picks and shovels and set to work. And now Lippington has its swimming pool.

Western Wood Clip

The quality of the 1935 Canadian western wood clip is reported as being particularly good and consignments of lumber shipped to Great Britain and Panama canal are slightly larger than a year ago.

A great war, a world-wide, ruthless, persistent menace to humanity between human beings and insects, is going on.

"Insects are as a group the most dangerous of all animals. They are, in fact, the chief cause of the supremacy of the earth," according to Arthur Gibson, Dominion entomologist, chief of the entomological division, department of agriculture.

This division constitutes in Canada the spearhead of federal attack on insects which live by destroying grains, fruits, vegetables, forest trees and even domestic animals absolutely essential to human life. These insects are "direct and relentless competitors for nearly every one of the necessities of life."

The insect menace is greater today than in any period of past history, according to authorities in Ottawa. For the growth of the menace in Canada, Canadian people are themselves partially to blame. Forests have been cut and destroyed. Consequently the birds and other animals which prey upon insects have decreased in number. Grasshoppers have been grown over large areas year after year enabling insects which formerly fed upon native vegetation to change their habits and wax fat upon new food plants.

Annual devastation in Canada alone from insects is estimated at over \$100,000,000, according to the entomological division. Some years it is far more. The insects stage a spectacular attack on humanity which serves to bring the menace to attention as a national disaster. Grasshoppers, for instance, sweep over western Canadian grain fields leaving devastation in their wake. They take toll of Ontario orchards to the extent of \$2,000,000 a year. At present the spruce sawfly is causing incalculable damage to the magnificent evergreens of Caspe and sweeping on toward forests of Quebec and Ontario.

These are just a few very specimens. Federal and provincial government officials are thoroughly alive to the danger. With such resources as are available, they are on fighting an army of numerous enemies which breed with tremendous rapidity. It is estimated at least 70,000,000 bushels of the 1934 Canadian wheat crop were lost to insects. Government authorities are co-operated to meet the grasshopper plague. By the end of 1934, the grasshoppers were in the animal kingdom.

Year Of Good Will

Japanese Welcomed 1935 As Year Of The Mouse

Japanese all over the world celebrated the end of the year of the bear—a year of fierce aggressiveness, and greeted the year of the mouse—a year of kindness and good will.

Each year in a 12-year cycle is named for a different animal. This, 1936, the year of the mouse, will be followed by years of the cow, tiger, rabbit, dragon, snake, horse, sheep, monkey, dog, and then, back again.

A new year means to the Japanese the start of a new life. All business except the most necessary was suspended entirely for two weeks.

During which the Japanese called on their friends every day to share the sacred ones a sweet salt rice wine. They also visited the most important of Japanese holidays.

Invented Chemical Man

Boston Bay Made It In Free After School Class

A "chemical man" made of glass, iron and rubber tubing, the result of a 15-year-old boy's ingenuity, drank liquid and blinked its eyes when stabbed with pins.

Hyman, Gerson, the burgomaster, the "man" at the Elizabeth Peabody house where Hyman H. Platt, Boston University senior, conducts five after-school classes in such subjects as chemistry, nature, physics and photography.

The homelike rate in the United States is found to be 18 times that in England.

Hippopotamuses can stay under water only about five minutes.

BAD WEATHER DELAYS ITALY'S WAR IN ETHIOPIA

LONDON.—The war is not going well for Italy. Despatches from Ethiopia report that rains are almost everywhere churning up roads and creating new and unexpected difficulties for the invaders.

From Germany, the Austrian Tyrol and Yugoslavia come stories of the flight of Italian conscripts across the frontier.

The Berlin correspondent of the Evening Standard learns "on unimpeachable authority" that two internment camps sheltering more than 1,000 Italian deserters have been established during the last month in the Bavaria mountains.

Major Sheppard, the Evening Standard's military correspondent, comments: "That the Italians are becoming seriously disturbed about the course of events is shown by the change in tone of expert military comment in Rome. All that was so optimistic of these comments now venture to forecast is a new and strictly limited offensive in the north before the end of the campaign season."

"Meanwhile," asserts Major Sheppard, "there are indications that Italy is not well with the Italian morale either in the theatre of war or among the new reinforcements."

"This, if true, is a matter of the utmost seriousness."

Italian circles, he concludes, are not only only gath'ring in Ethiopia.

Democratic Convention

Washington.—After a spirited and almost unprecedented "poker game," with table stakes as high as \$100,000, the party's decision, the Democratic national committee picked Philadelphia for its 1936 national convention.

The Pennsylvania city, never before the scene of a Democratic convention, won out over San Francisco and Chicago when its representatives finally won a certified check for \$200,000. Then, to meet higher bids, Philadelphia concessions estimated to raise the total to between \$250,000 and \$300,000, were offered.

Party Chairman James E. Parley announced the national convention, intended to renominate President Hoover, would convene June 28. The Republican party will meet in Cleveland, beginning June 8.

Before the bidding started, Farley, in opening the national committee meeting, predicted a "campaign of defamation" financed by the "largest cash fund on record."

Area Recaptured

Ethiopia Claim To Have Recovered Area Taken by Italians

Addis Ababa.—Ethiopian officials claimed recapture of the whole mountainous Tembien sector west of Makale on the northern front. The recapture indicates the northern counter-offensive, directed by War Minister Ras Muligeta, was a step toward its avowed aim of driving the Italian invaders back into their own colony.

At the same time the extreme southeastern front reported one of Ras Desta Demissa's three columns operating near Dolo had won a victory over natives in General Dodoito Graziani's army.

The "little rains," which have rendered the enemy's tanks and trucks useless, contributed materially to both Ethiopian successes, officials declared.

To Study Farming

British Farmers To Tour Australia And Canada

LONDON.—Twenty-five British farmers will leave here on a round-the-world tour during which they will study farm methods in Australia, New Zealand and Canada.

They will go directly to Sydney, where they will be joined by 21 other American farmers and a large group from Australia. After a month in Australia and New Zealand they will go to Canada, travelling across the entire Dominion.

The tour has been arranged by the British National Union and the Overseas League.

Back Mine Development

Edmonton.—Establishment of an Edmonton Chamber of Mines as an independent entity to promote, develop and protect mining activities in the rich northern fields became a reality when 75 men met at the hotel enthusiastically supported the move in an organization meeting.

Level Crossings

Large Sum Is Set Aside To Eliminate Danger Spots Across Canada

Ottawa.—Waging war on railway level crossings which have been taking an increasing annual toll of human lives, a total of \$1,400,000 approximately was committed in 1935 for remedial works across Canada. It was estimated. The sum represents about 10 per cent of \$500,000 over 1934 commitment.

Twenty-five per cent of the \$1,400,000 has been actually expended. The balance will be spent in 1936 as work on the authorized projects is carried out.

Of the estimated \$1,400,000 probably \$1,100,000 has been earmarked out of Dominion treasury funds. The Canadian Pacific Railway, Canadian National Railways and the municipalities have undertaken to pay the difference.

Showing amounts of Dominion commitments, ranging from 40 to 100 per cent of the total cost in different instances. Major works in the west authorized by the government council in the last five months alone included:

Reynolds, Sask., on C.P.R., \$2,250.

Copee, Sask., on C.N.R., \$21,400.

West Kinley, Sask., on C.N.R., \$15,400.

West of Mounsell, Alta., on C.N.R., \$1,400. One mile west of Lundbreck, Alta., on C.N.R., \$1,400.

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To Probe Mine Disaster

Alberta Government Will Conduct Inquiry Into Coalburst Accident

Edmonton.—A judicial inquiry into the Coalburst mining disaster will be held by Mr. Justice Lamer of the appellate division of Alberta Supreme Court. This decision was reached at a meeting of the executive committee and announced by Premier Aberhart.

It is the intention of the government to have the inquiry get under way as soon as arrangements can be made by Mr. Justice Lamer. The government will be represented at the inquiry, the premier stated, by one of the solicitors of the attorney general's department.

BRITISH AND FRENCH FLEETS TO GIBRALTAR AREA

LONDON.—Great Britain and France moved to increase their naval strength in and near the Mediterranean sea.

Manoeuvres arranged by the naval staffs of the two countries will result in a powerful concentration of fighting ships in that area when the League of Nations council meets again on Jan. 20. At that meeting a proposed embargo against Italy will be one of the matters under consideration.

The battleships Nelson and Rodney, the aircraft carrier Furious and the cruiser Galahad, along with the 11th and 12th destroyer flotillas, will leave home ports for a "spring cruise" starting about the middle of January. It will not take them into the Mediterranean but they will cruise in the Atlantic north of Gibraltar.

Meanwhile the French first and second squadrons, with a total of 99 warships, ranging from battleships to submarines, will be engaged in manoeuvres in the western Mediterranean, and the French Atlantic fleet will be at or near Casablanca, 200 miles southwest of Gibraltar.

Four British naval units now at Gibraltar will be returned to the United Kingdom, the admiralty announced. They are the battle cruiser Hood, the battleship Rammed and the cruisers Orion and Neptune.

These manoeuvres reveal speculation in London diplomatic quarters that oil sanctions might be imposed and that the powers were preparing for eventualities in case of an act of aggression on the part of Premier Mussolini (France and Great Britain already have reached agreement on plans for mutual aid if such an event arises out of sanctions application).

In official British quarters it was declared that the manoeuvres by the two fleets were not jointly pre-arranged and that the British home fleet movements had no political significance.

A feeling grew in diplomatic circles that some of the small nations, headed perhaps by Sweden, will go to Geneva demanding that oil sanctions be levied. (Sweden is aroused over the bombing of a Swedish Red Cross unit in Ethiopia by Italian planes.)

PASSES

Mr. Samuel Ryder, famous sportsman and head of the great firm of steel merchants in St. Albans, England, who died suddenly at his English residence, Mr. Ryder presented the Ryder Cup for international competition between British and United States Professional Golf stars, which is one of the highlights of the sporting calendar.



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Motor Regulations

Drivers' License Fee Of One Dollar Per Year In Alberta

Edmonton.—Premier Aberhart announces that 1936 motor licenses would be good for 15 months, but a driver's license for 1936 would be required. At present driver's licenses cost 50 cents and issued in perpetuity. At the same time, the premier announced that a tax would be imposed on all grades of fuel oil, but this does not affect the lubricating oil used by motor cars.

Long urged by the Alberta Motor Association, Premier Aberhart announced that the motor license year would be changed to conform with the fiscal year ending March 31. Legislation for these changes will be introduced at the coming session of the legislature, the premier said.

Italian Deserters

Report That Nearly 2,000 Soldiers Cross Austrian Border

Vienna.—Reports that nearly 2,000 deserters from the Italian army had fled across the border into Austria circulated here, but there was no immediate verification of the rumors, one of reports that the Italian government was taking repressive measures.

The newspaper Suddeutsche Heimeit announced 1,650 South Tyrolers had deserted the Italian army, with most of them making their way to Germany.

The publication is circulated secretly in Austria, reaching here by Switzerland where it is printed. Reports from Maribor place the number of deserters reaching Yugoslavia at 2,000.

Outfitting Gilt Liner

Glasgow.—Linen, cotton and woolen articles for the giant liner Queen Mary to the value of \$225,000 are being made in the north of England and Belfast, the number being nearly 500,000.

Short Of Objective

Plans For Canadian Women's Memorial Building Have Been Abandoned

Ottawa.—Due to existing economic circumstances the erection of the Canadian women's memorial building in Ottawa has been abandoned. It was announced by Alanstair Macdonald, solicitor for the Canadian Women's Memorial Building Federation. Funds contributed for that purpose will be distributed according to the direction of the courts, he said.

The purpose of collection of funds throughout Canada when the building was formed in November 1928, was to erect a building to commemorate initially the services rendered by Canadian women to humanity from pioneer days to the present time.

Mr. Macdonald said approximately \$25,000 had been contributed towards the building fund, \$10,000 short of the objective.

Prison Farm Quarantined

Outbreak Of Scarlet Fever In B.C. Institution

Vancouver.—Coltsville prison farm has been quarantined to visitors and seven male prisoners isolated following an outbreak of scarlet fever in the almshouse institution. Prison officials said here.

Five of those isolated are definitely believed to be affected while the other two showed symptoms. Officials term the outbreak "very mild" but said fever precaution was being taken.

There are 400 men and women at the prison farm.

U. S. PRESIDENT REFERS TO BASIC CAMPAIGN ISSUE

Washington.—President Roosevelt, clearly aiming across party lines, disclosed the Democratic presidential campaign with an assertion that "the basic issue will be the retention of popular government" in the United States election in November.

Referring briefly to the clashing philosophy in the supreme court's opinions on the overthrow of the agricultural adjustment administration as likely to reverberate for years and touching on the aims of his administration in general, the president concluded:

"I will not retreat."

He spoke directly to a Jackson Day gathering of nearly 2,000 Democratic leaders and adherents, who were a pitiful for their dinner and his words were broadcast to hundreds of other Democratic dignitaries throughout the country. He spoke "at the truth" behind "the smoke of charges and countercharges of a national campaign." He said the president's emphasis was on the "essential" an "organization among all those regardless of party who believe in retaining progress and ideals."

Referring to the supreme court's A.A.A. decision, the president declined to say what would be done. He promised, however, that "justice" for agriculture would remain an objective.

Mr. Roosevelt stressed the "two momentous opinions" of the court, apparently referring to the majority and minority opinions on A.A.A. and the philosophy of the three justices who voted to uphold, as against the six who declared the farm plan invalid.

In so doing, he rendered the emphasis placed by others in the administration since the court's decision on the fact that the minority opinion both hit at the majority's theory of government and contended that it had exceeded its power.

There is no president's complete reference to the A.A.A.: "I know you will not be surprised by lack of comment on my part on the decision by the supreme court. I cannot render off-hand judgment without studying with the utmost care the majority and minority opinions ever rendered in a case before the supreme court of the United States."

"The ultimate results of the language of these opinions will profoundly affect the lives of Americans for years to come. It is enough to say that the attainment of justice and prosperity for American agriculture remains an immediate and constant objective of my administration."

Mr. Roosevelt from time to time hit at "misleading reaction" and "outlets for emotion." He asserted "no party of reaction" could "meet the temper of the people."

HEAVY DAMAGE FROM STORMS IN BRITISH ISLES

LONDON.—At least eight persons were killed, many injured and widespread damage done by the second violent storm of this week in the British Isles.

The small cargo steamship Bradia, voyaging from Birkenhead to Liverpool, was wrecked at Farnley Point in the River Mersey. Only one of the crew of six was saved. Five bodies, believed to be those of the other members of the crew, were washed ashore.

Two persons were killed by a falling pine at Haverhill and a girl was killed in the collapse of a wall at Manchester.

The Cunard steamer Britannia reported she was stranded by the trawler Wilmshurst in danger off the Pembrokeshire coast.

The gale reached a force of 100 miles per hour, Pembroke lighthouse reported. Ships were sent scurrying to shelter from huge waves, while the wind was as heavy.

Southwest England and the Irish Free State were the hardest hit. A fierce storm swept the Dublin district, causing much breakage, while mountainous seas in the English channel and Irish sea dislocated shipping.

The British steamship Cuckoo, of 2,379 tons, which left Tynes, reported her steering gear was carried away in a gale 125 miles off the coast.

The S.S. Manhattan, of the United States Lines, which carried members of the American Olympic team, was unable to call at Cobh, Irish Free State, for the first time in years.

The ship continued on to Plymouth, where passengers had to wait seven hours before they could disembark as the hawkers linking the vessel and its tender were broken up by the waves. Five persons were taken to hospitals in Leeds when they were hurt by the wind at Liverpool.

A two-ton truck was blown 20 feet sideways into a Gravesend cave, while street-car windows were broken by the wind at Liverpool.

Ten yards of a seawall collapsed at Burnham in Somerset, and water from the sea broke through the breach, flooding streets in some sections to a depth of nine feet and disabling the gas works.

At Weston-Super-Mare a concrete promenade was torn up and the sea water flooded the basements of hotels.

No Corporation Tax

Ontario Government Will Impose No Levy On Corporations

Toronto.—The new Ontario income tax will impose no levy on corporations, according to the federal tax, it was reported by Queen's University.

Although the Ontario legislation follows closely the Dominion statute which will impose a corporation tax, the federal tax on the income of corporations, the report said, Ontario already has a corporation tax. It will be a total of about \$12,000,000 will be realized.

Predicts Russo-Japanese War

Also Sees Possibility Of Japanese-American Conflict

LONDON.—Friedrich Whyte, former adviser to the British government in China, expressed the opinion that a Russo-Japanese war was inevitable.

"It may be said that a war between Russia and Japan is inevitable," he told the Royal United Service Institution.

"It is conceivable, although I do not believe it probable, that there may be war between the United States and Japan," he added, "but the circumstances which might prompt a Japanese-American war would bring us in."

Ducks Eat Crops

And No Farmers Want Recompense From Government

Calgary.—Farmers who suffer crop losses of 25 per cent, or more from the ravages of game birds should be compensated by the provincial or Dominion government, the Kananaskis, Alta. local of the United Farmers of Alberta urged in a resolution passed by its annual convention. The resolution said farmers south of Peace River have been hit hardest by a result of game birds, particularly ducks, eating their crops.



LINK WITH THE PAST IN DANGER
WHERE THE RAINBOW ENDS
FROM CARBON, ALTA.

Gangs of men will be working day and night for the next three or four months to save the half-billion fragments of Stagle Inn, Holborn, London, best known for its Tudor architecture, which has been seriously damaged by the death watch beetle. Our picture shows scaffolding going around the front of the old inn.

Aviator Honored

Presentation To "Punch" Dickins At Edmonton Banquet

Edmonton.—Tangible recognition of his pioneering work in development of northern aviation was made to C. H. "Punch" Dickins, newly appointed superintendent of Canadian Airways, Limited, at a banquet here by President J. W. Glenwright, of the Edmonton Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Glenwright, on behalf of the chamber, presented a travelling case to the noted aviator who is leaving to reside in Winnipeg. "We have flyers here superior to any in the world and that's not talking in too much territory either," boasted Mr. Glenwright in making the presentation.

The Peace Spirit

Toronto.—Lieut. Col. George A. Drew, former Ontario securities commissioner, addressing the Electric Club, said he "would like to see a revival of the British spirit that was alive in this country in 1914, not for war, but for peace." Mass demonstrations of faith on the part of Canada's young manhood to be held yearly, were suggested by the speaker.

Alberta Rural Schools

Sweeping Changes in Method of Administration Are Proposed

Sweeping changes in Alberta's rural school systems are proposed in a plan issued by authority of Premier Aberhart who is minister of education, and distributed to all Social Credit members of the house, for consideration before the session.

The plan involves the grouping of rural schools into one or to divisions or larger units, which would be administered by divisional boards of five directors, elected by the ratepayers.

Under this scheme, the 3,225 rural school districts in the province, which have "local" boards would be disestablished. But the ratepayers instead of electing these "local" boards for the future, would name advisory committees.

These committees would act as trustees of school property, arrange for extra services beyond the minimum provided by the divisional board, and other duties.

The divisional board would have charge of operating and closing of schools, engaging and placing of teachers, and requiring the municipal council for funds, just as city school boards do at present.

In each division, there would be a permanent advisory to the board, known either as a superintendent of schools or inspector.

As there are 27 inspectors in the province now, the only possible occasion for increased cost would be increasing the number to 42, according to the plan. The cost of the superintendents or inspectors would be borne by the provincial government.

Each division would be a general taxing area, the levy being made upon the equated assessment of the property within the division, as determined by the municipal authorities.

Provision would be made to safeguard the interests of all minorities in such matters as separate schools, religious instruction and the primary course in French.

The pamphlet issued by the minister of education and printed by the king's printer, outlines various advantages of the plan.

These savings include salaries of secretaries-treasurers, in over 3,000 school districts in this province, an annual expense of making an audit in each district, and cost of building up a library in each school, of an area and on costs of obtaining school supplies.

Arrangements of teachers' salaries, amounting to \$318,140 for the province at the end of 1934, was scarcely conceivable under the present administrative unit plan, it is claimed.

Man Afflicted With Insomnia Goes Two Years Without Rest

Because he had "not slept a wink for over two years," writes the Rev. Rudolph Endlicher of Markreikirchen, East Bavaria, call him the "insomnia champion of Europe."

In May 1933, Endlicher suddenly found he could not sleep. In the next two years he visited a series of doctors. Outside of taking medicine in his case because "in other respects he showed every sign of being a perfectly healthy man," none were able to help him.

Despite his chronic sleeplessness, Endlicher, a building contractor, goes to work regularly every day. "It doesn't bother me," says Endlicher, "so long as I can continue to work hard at my business. Besides I enjoy sitting up and playing solitaire at night."

Conditions in Russia

Most Elderly Workers Do Not Receive Living Wage

D. Wittenberg, a general merchant of Glendon, Alberta, who has returned home after a summer spent in the U.S.A., says that living costs are high there in relation to income and bread is scarce on the farms. Most elderly Russians get less than the equivalent of \$10 a month, which is insufficient to provide good living, he states. At that rate, the Soviet workers are no better off than the unemployed on the dole in America. —Montreal Gazette.

Under Assumed Names

The Prince of Wales on his holidays on the continent travels incognito under the title of the Earl of Chester to insure privacy. King Edward travelled as the Duke of Lancaster while the former King Alfonso of Spain became the Duke of Toledo and Archduke Otto of Hapsburg the Duke of Bar.

Nutritionists were puzzled to know where Mexicans got enough vitamin A in their food, but they have figured it out: Liberal use of chili pepper powder.

RIOTING EGYPTIAN STUDENTS VENT THEIR FIRE ON STREET CARS



This is all that was left on a Cairo street car after rioting students had wrecked it and set it on fire. Several British police officers were wounded in the clashes, but with the promise of a new constitution the Egyptians have quieted down.

Spirit Is Lacking

Many People Have Now Lost The Will To Work

The following article by Ernest Elmo Calkins, appeared in Current History.

"This nation was established on what might be called the gospel of work. Up to a short time ago we were a pioneer people. It was work, plus initiative, adaptability, readiness to do whatever job had to be done that transformed three million square miles of forest and virgin prairie into an ordered, organized nation, most of it in less than a hundred years, a feat without parallel in history.

"We know now what this country can do, what it means to be prosperous. The work of supplying the needs and desires of 130 million people, developing national resources, utilizing what we have learned about a better economic system, is susceptible of creating incalculable wealth.

"But that can only come by the will of the individual. It is the spirit that is lacking; all the other ingredients are here. Before the country can return to work, it must have the will to work. The will to work has been broken down by the dangerous but necessary emergency of large-scale relief. What was at first regarded as a temporary emergency has developed into a permanent status, accepted with complacency by the beneficiaries.

"There should be more emphasis on work as such, more scorn for those who will not work when work is offered. Perhaps a return to the wisdom of the copy-book maxims, the moral of the fable and the industrious apprentice, the philosophy of 'Poor Richard' on which we are brought up, 'Where there's a will, there's a way.' It is the will that is lacking not the way."

Contest Still Undecided

Hard To Tell Whether Horse Or Tractor Will Win

The contest for supremacy between the horse and mule on one side and the tractor and truck on the other, with the nation's farms and highways as the arena, is still undecided, according to members of the Horse and Mule Association of America, but the horse is again moving toward the former proud place in the scheme of things.

At the present time, officers of the association say, there is a scarcity of good farm and draft horses and mules. As a result the horse population is declining and the price of animals is going up, while on the mechanical side the number of motor vehicles is increasing and the prices are going down. The scarcity in the horse market is due, officials said, to the reduced breeding of work animals in the last 15 years.

Figures issued by the association show a great drop in the horse and mule population in 15 years. In 1920 there were 25,199,660 horses and mules on the farm and 2,085,000 in the cities. Now the cities have 500,000 draft animals and the country can tally only 16,662,000. The next five years, it is expected, will put the horse and mule at least where they were in 1920.

Many farmers, it is asserted, are finding draft animals more economical and more productive than the tractor.

It appears that the great occidental powers can neither understand Japan nor understand her.

One Thing Needed

More People Who Would Try To Do Their Best

One thing that is needed nowadays is more people who will do the best they can with what they have. This applies to their talents as well as to their possessions. Many folk do not begin to live up to their possibilities because their special talent is not equal to that of their neighbor. And so they drift helplessly through the years, when their lives might have experiences of thrill and accomplishment. This thought even applies to giving. Any church official knows that there are scores of folk who, because they cannot give five dollars like their neighbor, withhold the one dollar that they might donate, and give nothing. —St. Mary's Journal-Argus.

Origin Of Popular Dish

Pump Pudding In Days Of Normans Was Rich Meat Broth

Did you know that pump pudding began as a rich meat broth? It did —back in the days of the Normans. Meat it became a thick soup—thickened with plum and raisin and sweetened with honey. Finally, in the seventeenth century, it began to assume solid shape and to be boiled in a pudding bag. The original Christmas pudding was a kind of soup in which plums floated, which was served to the jesters and fiddlers in the hall of the castle during the festive season.

A Splendid Torch

"Life is no 'brief candle' for me. It is a sort of splendid torch, which I have got hold of for the moment, and I want to make it burn as brightly as possible before handing it on to future generations," stated George Bernard Shaw.

Once it was easy to tell the common people from the others but now they all play bridge or golf.

BEAR ENVIES SQUIRREL'S LIBERTY



If a bear could be said to show emotion, this huge brute, casting an envious eye at the tiny squirrel frolicking outside his cage, might be characterized as a figure of pathos.

Ayrshire Makes A Record

Production Of Three-Year-Old Cow Above Average

Pride de St. Methode is the name of a cow. To be more exact, an Ayrshire, three years old. She lives at the Quebec Provincial School Farm, and the reason why her name is in print just now is her record for 365 days commencing from the 14th of October, 1934. Here it is:

She gave a total of 17,441 pounds of milk, 802 pounds of fat and the average test was 4.60. By way of comparative information, it might be stated that in Peterborough the Board of Health requires a butter fat content in milk of 3.5.

The best previous record of an Ayrshire is thus beaten by 1,850 pounds of milk and 37 pounds of butterfat. There are but two or three herds of Ayrshires in the district and their popularity has not been established to the point where they can successfully challenge the Holstein or the Jersey. The record milk production for a Holstein cow is 34,000 pounds in 365 days, averaged at a record of butter fat during that period is not available at the moment.

This Ayrshire cow has not yet been milked since she was six years old. She has been regarded as the peak for production, and Pride de St. Methode has been three years of age and it is safe to assume she may learn a good deal more about the business with advancing years. As she joins a cow union in the near future and decides to do least in the time, The Jersey cow retains her comparative ability longer than others as a rule, and there are Jerseys which have been milked up to 15 years, although production diminishes with age.

Experimental Farm Note

Treatment To Be Used For Anemia In Young Pigs

Reports are often received at the Experimental Station, Knapik, Ontario, of the large mortality among little pigs prior to the age of weaning. The little pigs seem usually born healthy and putting on weight suddenly become unthrifty. They lose weight, the hair on their bodies falls out, and they appear listless. If examined they are found to be very pale and anemic, which is most apparent in the whites of the eyes and in their bloodless ears, and by the absence of a healthy pink color from the skin. Deaths due to anemia are frequent.

The condition is due to deficiency of iron in the blood, and is particularly serious in large piggeries, where the pigs are on a carefully balanced ration.

The treatment used at the Knapik Experimental Station has proved very satisfactory, and consists of powdered "reduced iron," which can be purchased at any drug store. Absolute accuracy of dosing is not important, and for practical purposes the quantity can be roughly measured as a small Canadian one-cent piece. Each pig is caught, the iron placed on the back of the tongue, the pig is held and put back in the pen; this is repeated every other day, starting when the pigs are four to five days old. If they are three months old or rather as soon as they start to eat from a small trough, i.e., Bolzle, Dominion Experimental Station, Knapik, Ontario.

The Other Side

Italian Women's Patriotism Creates Sorrow For Ethiopian Mothers

The Queen of Italy and five princesses led a procession of 8,000,000 wives and 2,000,000 men who wore wedding rings, and delivered them to collecting centres to be melted down so that the gold could be sent to their country's war chest against Ethiopia. The Queen made a nice allusion to the effect that it was being done for the glory of Italy.

Quite so; but there is another way of looking at it which neither the Queen nor any other of the 8,000,000 wives, mostly mothers, gave a thought to—or cared a rap about. There are a lot of wives and mothers in Ethiopia. Their men-folk—husbands, fathers, sons and brothers—are just as dear to them as the Italian male relatives. And these 8,000,000 worth of gold which these wedding rings are expected to yield, will be spent on guns, tanks, airplanes, bombs and other war material to blow these Ethiopian men to pieces, or probably cripple them for life. —St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Tulips can be fooled into opening their blossoms at night by use of artificial light.

Since radium has been installed in automobiles, preachers reach more people than ever before.

The Usual Problem

House Of Commons Officials Have Difficulty Allotting Rooms

The parliamentary rush for rooms started last month. It is a phenomenon inevitably following a general election, and dreaded by officials of the House of Commons.

The parliament buildings in which senators and members meet to enact the nation's laws, provides generous accommodation. But it cannot provide a separate room for every one of 245 members of the House of Commons. Many of the 245 feel they are entitled to separate offices. Hence the rush.

Already, harassed officials of parliament are receiving letters requesting or demanding separate rooms for members. Date of the parliamentary session has not been set—but letters are growing in number. And the situation is full of problems.

There is the bachelor member who must be left to share a room with a benefactor. He does not want the room-mate's wife, nor to speak of her feminine friends, around the place while he is trying to work. Again, there is the teetotaler who will not room with a man of conviviality. And yet again, the member who objects to sharing a room with his colleague from an adjoining constituency because of mixing up their business.

These are difficulties of temperament. House officials must solve them. They are vexatious, but the great stone building with the high Peace tower and the musical chime.

The mere practical difficulties are less vexatious. While there are 245 members of parliament, 15 are also members of the cabinet. They are entitled to separate rooms. This leaves about 125 rooms to be allotted to 230 members.

Members of the Privy Council frequently advance the view that their position entitles them to special consideration. Again, this parliament has 125 members, 100 are members of the cabinet. They are accustomed to unlimited space in the old home town, and a room with a small desk does not seem adequate.

Last, but not least, the House of Commons will this session have two thirds in its membership. Were it of identical political views, it might be possible for them to share a room. But fate has ordained otherwise, and Miss Agnes Macphail and Mrs. George Black, like the majority of the other 230, will want separate accommodation.

So the House of Commons officials are knitting their brows and growing grey hairs trying to divide 230 into 125, or three-fifths, with a result that will please everybody. They are finding the problem difficult.

Bovine Tuberculosis

Canada Has Been Making Steady Progress In Its Control

The demand for the control of bovine tuberculosis in Canada continues to increase and steady progress has been made. The annual report of the Veterinary Director General for the year ended March 31, 1935. With approximately 8,445,000 cattle in the Dominion, 2,537,711 or 28.5 per cent, are under test. Many new herds have been accepted and receiving attention under the accredited and supervised herds plan, while initial general tests have been conducted in established areas in the provinces of New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba.

Several general re-tests of areas have also been completed but there is still a number of areas that have been established in which the tests have not yet been undertaken.

An accredited herd on which has passed two clean tests with an interval of one year, or in the case where reactors were found in the herd, three clean tests with intervals of six months. Owners of grade cattle which cannot qualify for the accredited herd plan may take advantage of the supervised herd plan to establish herds free from tuberculosis. Cattle are tabular to eliminate infection, and the same methods are followed as in the accredited herd plan, but no compensation is paid for cattle which react to the test, although they must be slaughtered under supervision.

An area restricted area plan for the eradication of bovine tuberculosis, all cattle are tested with tuberculin, the reactors slaughtered under supervision, and compensation paid. Any cattle for permanent stay in the area must be accompanied by an official veterinarian to eliminate infection, with the exception of cattle for immediate slaughter on approved premises and feeder cattle which are tested on arrival at destination.

Requaging "May I have the last dance with you?" Girl: "Big bug you just had it."

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TOWN & COUNTY

Personalographs

Sandy Reid's rink won the 1935-36 Royal Hotel cups which were put up as a prize for the first draw of the season's curling.

A truck from Gleichen passed thru town on Monday with a load of horses. The driver was "paddling" his wares from farm to farm, and evidently met with some success.

The funeral for the late King George V will be held next Tuesday, Jan. 28, an announcement from London states. It is expected that the annual hospital of the Carbon Curling Club, which is scheduled to commence that day, will hold off one day in commemoration and respect for the late sovereign.

Jack James spent Sunday at Delta, the guest of his sister, Mrs. Morrison.

An epidemic of measles in Carbon is now in progress and many local people have contracted the disease. Among those who have contracted measles are the Misses Vera and Sylvia Atkinson, Ruby Embree, Kathleen Watkins, and Ellen Trumbley. Besides these other folks in town a few of the school children are down with the measles.

The local telephone office was closed for a few hours on Monday night so that the place could be fumigated. Three of the operators have the measles.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Otto Martin on Saturday, January 18th, in the Drumheller hospital. Latest reports are that both mother and baby are settling along fairly well and are improving.

Mrs. K. E. Nash's sale opened last Saturday morning, but we understand there were many disappointed shoppers.

The Misses Iris and Molly Laine are confined to their home with their measles.

Tommy McKelvie, writer in Saturday "The Short" column in the Calgary Albertan, has the following to say:
"When Art Lowes played hockey for St. Mike's of Toronto in 1909, Joe Green, for many years now a resident of Carbon, was secretary of the club when they were winning the senior O.H.A. championship. I was talking to Joe recently and to Art on Friday, and discovered that they were both unaware of the fact that they who had scored hundred 90 years ago were frequently meeting each other on Calgary streets, for many years past."

The Carbon Trading Company have circulated the district with posters this week, announcing a number of January Clearance specials.

Messrs. E. P. Foster, M.L.A. for Calgary, and Chas. E. Johnson, M.P. for Bow River, were Carbon visitors last Friday, conferring with local Social Crediters.

Joe Turcotte returned last Wednesday night from after spending the past eight years at his homestead at Grimshaw, in the Peace River district. He is visiting with his brother, C. C. Turcotte.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ziegler motored to Trochu on Monday.

The weather turned warm on Tuesday and the change is appreciated, after two weeks or more of sub-zero weather.

Miss Jennie Fischer of Three Hills is relieving at the local telephone office during the absence of Misses V. & Atkinson, and Ruby Embree, the regular operators.

The affairs of the Municipal District of Carbon must be in pretty good shape. It didn't take the auditors long to go over the books and find that they were in excellent shape, which is a credit to the secretary, treasurer, S.F. Torrance. One of the statements has been placed with The Chronicle for review, and we hope to have the statement out next week.

It is going to be difficult to balance the recent accommodation of Edmonton legislators next session because there are 56 members on one side of the house and 7 on the other. There isn't enough room on the right side for the 56 seats for members to stretch their legs--and legs must be stretched, it seems.

FAVORITE RECIPES

Canned Pork

One and one-half c. salt; 1 c. white sugar; 1 gallon water. Boil and skim. Put one can of lard in sterilized jar; pack in meat until water comes up to neck of jars. Seal and sterilize for 1 hour.

Soups

One-half can white sugar; 1/2 c. sour cream; 1/2 c. sour milk; 1/2 c. sugar; 2 c. hot water. Boil and skim. Put one can of lard in sterilized jar; pack in soup until water comes up to neck of jars. Seal and sterilize for 1 hour.

Banana Bread

One can white sugar; 1/2 c. butter; 2 c. eggs well beaten; 3 bananas mashed; 2 tsp. sour milk or cream; level 2 tsp. 2 c. flour. Shape like loaf and bake in rather slow oven.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

OF THE

VILLAGE OF CARBON

For the Year Ending December 31, 1935

AUDITOR, John Atkinson, Carbon, Alberta. SECRETARY-TREASURER, Alex Reid, Carbon, Alberta.
Amount of Bond, \$1250.00; Bond Number, 126717.
Company: Railway Passengers Assurance Co., London, England.
First Suretyship Begun, January 1, 1935; Bond Re-issued to January 1, 1936.
There has been no change in bond during 1935. BANK: Bank of Montreal, Carbon, Alberta.
Number of Verification Tax Notices Mailed by Auditor under Sec. 93 (3): 20.

RECEIPTS	PAYMENTS
Balance December 31, 1934-- Municipal Account--In bank 869.69; Cash on hand, 46.06 555.31 Receipts on Account Municipal Taxation-- Municipal Taxes and Costs 3693.80 Business Tax 252.24 3836.04 Advances and Charges Repaid-- Aid and Relief 149.50 Municipal Revenue Other Than Taxes-- Licenses 46.00; Rentals 194.25 240.25 Cemetery 10.00; Supp. Rev. 7.65 17.65 Government Relief Advances 856.01 Old Bank Account 44.62 1128.53 Assets Sold-- Sale of lands and Buildings 568.00 Old Account66 Trust Monies Received-- Supp. Rev. 112.30; Bond 6.00 118.30	Administration-- Salaries--Sec-Treas 300.00; Audit Fees 25.00; Bond Premium 5.25 330.25 Printing, Postage and Stationery 39.91 58.88; Land Titles Of. 28.00 86.88 Office expenses 39.91 Insurance 179.00; Advertising 66.78; 238.78 691.82 Protection of Person and Property-- Fire Protection 645.00; Pound Expenses 60.00; Dog Catcher 29.00; Building Rentals 17.70 755.29 Gravel, Aid and Relief Health and Sanitation-- Mothers' Allowance 300.00; Aid and Relief 187.75; Farm Relief 255.32 2142.98 Public Works-- Street Lighting 850.00; Street, 263.00; Fire Halls 13.75 1127.55 Debitures-- Prepaid 225.00; Interest 51.70 376.70 Taxes--Bank Operating Charge 3.00 Sundry-- Discount on Taxes 137.94 School Tax Paid 488.15; Flood damages 10.00 498.15 Trust Monies Remitted-- Supplementary Revenue 219.95 Balance December 31, 1935-- Municipal Account--In bank 677.41; Cash on hand 55.95 732.66 Above each on bond was denoted on January 16th, 1936.
TOTAL 6686.04	TOTAL 6686.04

ASSETS	LIABILITIES
Balance, December 31, 1935 (Municipal Only)-- Bank Balance December 31, 1935, 677.41 Cash on Hand December 31, 1935, 55.25 732.66 Uncollected Taxes--Municipal 9143.69; Business Tax 822.38 10306.07 Accounts Receivable-- Scavenging 62.33 Uncollected Taxes--Supplies on Hand-- Stationery 10.00 Fixed Assets-- Property owned by Village--Land 4530.00; Buildings, 700.00; Fire Hall and Equipment 200.00 4930.00 Sundry Assets--Safe 100.00; Ditcher 10.00 Uncollected Trust Taxes, December 31, 1935-- Supplementary Revenue Taxes 665.13 TOTAL 18116.19	Accounts Payable-- Aid and Relief 35.89; Mothers' Allowance 735.00; Hospital Bills 58.45; Westman Memorial News 16.15; Street Lights 100.00; Carbon Children 10.00; Health Officers 50.00; Provincial Training 18.00 1013.49 Sundry Liabilities (trust)-- Uncollected Trust Taxes, Dec. 31, 1935 665.13 Collections Not Remitted, Dec. 31, 1935 45.93 Balance Assets over Liabilities (surplus) 16392.25
TOTAL 18116.19	TOTAL 18116.19

TAX STATEMENT	POPULATION AND PARTICULARS OF ASSESSMENT
Assessed Value for each Tax (net) Dollars and-- Municipal 261159.00 Supplementary Revenue 37609.00 Rate of Taxation (cents on the Dollar)-- Government Assessment Elec. Lights 13 Municipal 11 Supplementary Revenue 24 Current Taxes Levied (except school) 2574.58 Supplementary Revenue 138.40 Uncollected Dec. 31, 1934, including Costs 10159.99 Supplementary Revenue 617.68 Monies and Costs Added in 1935-- Municipal 747.55 Supplementary Revenue 47.75 TOTAL TAXES--Mun. 14415.66; Supp. Rev. 584.33	Assessed Valuation--Land 56399.00 Less Statutory Exemptions 18597.00 Business Assessment 29065.00 Buildings and Improvements at 66.2-3% of Value net assessment) 18588.00 Electric Light and Power Assessment 1209.00 Net Total Assessment 261159.00 Estimated Population 500 Number Travelling Persons 496 14 Number of Parcels Exempt 347 1 Total Parcels 773 15 Fire Insurance Carried 1800.00

TAX SALE STATEMENT
Tax Sale held but no sales made Number of Parcels sold at private sale 5 lots Receipts from land sold at private sale prior to 1935 770.00 Receipts from land sold at private sale prior to 1935 5.00 Total Tax Sale Receipts in 1935 775.00 Above Receipts have been credited as follows: To amount 90.00 To Prov. Trust Act (Supp. Rev.) 24.00 To Municipal Account 175.00 To School Account 480.00 Total Tax Sale Receipts Accounted For 775.00

TAXES CANCELLED UNDER SEC. 23 (2)
Municipal 152.65 Provincial 25.97 Sidewalk Account 144.18 Total Cancellations 322.80

DEBENTURE STATEMENT
Amount of Issue 5000.00 Tenured for fire protection and sidewalk construction. To be paid in 8 annual payments of 625.00 and interest. Term of years from 1929 to 1934. Amount paid in 1935 325.00 Interest paid 1935 500.00 Total amount redeemed to date 5000.00

VERIFICATION OF CASH ON HAND AT DECEMBER 31, 1935
Cash on hand as per Cash Statement at December 31, 1935 65.25 Cash received between December 31, 1935 and date of this audit 33.13 TOTAL 98.38 Cash on hand denoted between December 31, 1935 and date of this audit 98.38

AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE

I have audited the accounts of the Village of Carbon for the year ending December 31, 1935 and have compared the said accounts with their relative vouchers and certify that in my opinion the foregoing financial statements are properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the financial affairs of the Village, according to the best of my information, the explanations given to me, and as shown by the records, subject to any qualifications mentioned in Auditor's Special Report.

The statistical information contained herein was obtained from the books and records of the Village or from information supplied by officials of the Village.

Dated at Carbon this 17th day of January, 1936.
(Signed) JOHN ATKINSON, Auditor for Carbon, Alberta

ANDY'S TEXACO STATION

ANDREW BUYER, Proprietor

FOUR MISTAKES . . .

A man struck a match to see if the gasoline tank in his automobile was empty. It wasn't.

A man passed a strange bull dog on the head to see if it was affectionate. It wasn't.

A man speeded up his car to see if he could beat the train to the crossing. He couldn't.

A man cut out his advertising to see if he could save money. He didn't.